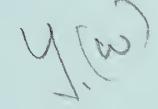
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MIRFIELD URBAN DISTRICT







ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

For the Year

1956

WILLIAM MASON DOUGLAS, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
Medical Officer of Health.

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Mirfield Urban District Council

1956-57

CHAIRMAN

Councillor ERNEST CHARLES BARRACLOUGH, J.P.

DEPUTY CHAIRMAN

Councillor GEORGE ARTHUR CLARKE

COUNCILLORS

BARRACLOUGH, Joseph Herbert
BELL, John W.
DAY, Milner, J.P.
FRETWELL, Sandy, J.P.
HARDY, John, J.P.
LYDALL, Frank B., M.B.E.
SHEARD, Ernest H.
TALBOT, George W.
WALKER, Godfrey H.
WEBSTER, George

PUBLIC HEALTH AND HOUSING COMMITTEE

Councillor TALBOT, Chairman
Councillor LYDALL, Deputy Chairman
Consists of all the Members of the Council.

To the Chairman and Members of the Mirfield Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit to you my Annual Report relating to certain aspects of community health in Mirfield, to the work of your Public Health Department, and to the County administered Health Services which are operated in the district under my executive direction.

Much of the information contained in the Report is presented in the usual statistical form, which, while it may be of limited interest to the average layman, is helpful to those concerned in the preventive services in comparing one year with another, one district with another, and over a period may point the way to further improvements in prevention and in the elaboration of new services and techniques. These, however, do not happen dramatically overnight, but are rather evolved over decades, and it is in similar periods that one should really assess the achievements (where indeed it is possible to assess them at all) of the public health services applied to a comparatively small community such as Mirfield. Consequently except in certain details the Report follows broadly a similar pattern to that of recent years.

For the year under review the statistical rates are uniformly good. The birth rate at $16 \cdot 3$ has gone up a little from $14 \cdot 6$ per thousand population; the infant mortality rate is down from $28 \cdot 9$ to $20 \cdot 7$ deaths under one year per thousand live births; the still-birth rate is down from $22 \cdot 6$ to $20 \cdot 3$ stillbirths per thousand total births, and the neo-natal mortality rate also down from $17 \cdot 3$ to $10 \cdot 4$ deaths of infants under one month per thousand live births. These are all rates which compare well with other years and very well with the rates for similar districts, the Administrative County and the Country as a whole, as reference to the table of comparative statistics on page 15 will show. Of the infant deaths three out of the four cases were due to abnormalities of the child present at birth, and of the four stillbirths three out of the four were due to abnormalities of the unborn child.

The overall death rate for the district remains much the same as in previous years, and is $13\cdot 5$ deaths per thousand population. This is a little higher than the average for other areas, and it has been so for many years; and yet of the group causes of death given, Mirfield's rate is only less favourable in regard to diseases of the heart and circulation and to vascular lesions of the nervous system, i.e., principally cerebral haemorrhage or thrombosis producing "stroke." These diseases together with cancer (23 cases) were responsible for 115 out of the 159 deaths which occurred during the year. Although only one case of death from cancer of the lung is recorded I will be expected to make reference to the alleged association between cigarette smoking and this disease which has received so much publicity of late. I must say, and being a habit

conditioned smoker myself, with very great regret, that the evidence in favour of the views that excessive cigarette smoking may lead to the development of cancer is overwhelming. The more you smoke the more likely you are to die of cancer of the lung. As compared with a non-smoker you are 4 times more likely to do so if you smoke up to 10 a day, 8 times if you smoke 20, and up to 16 times for over 40. The number of deaths from this cause has risen in England and Wales from 784 in 1925 to 17,272 in 1955, and the increase is principally in males.

Smoking is largely a formed social habit, pleasant only to those who indulge in it, and well established, it may like any other drug addiction prove difficult to stop. Granted dictatorial powers I would ban it in spite of the inevitable repercussions. In the absence of such power, all one can say now, is to the young people, don't start, and to those already addicted to the weed, stop it, if you can.

Infectious diseases were conspicuous only by their scarcity and mildness during the year, and altogether only twenty-four cases were notified, none of them giving rise to severe illness. In fact this is a new low record for Mirfield, and the same applies to notifications of new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis with only two notifications during the year.

With regard to preventive inoculations history was made in Mirfield, as throughout the country, with the inception of vaccination against poliomyelitis, using a British prepared vaccine. Supplies of this are likely to be limited for a long time to come, and there are those who, like myself, believe that had the Government proved as eager to import American vaccine, as it is to import American tobacco, a substantial degree of protection against the disease might have been afforded already to a large number of young people in this country who will otherwise remain at risk for a prolonged period. It is too early yet to assess accurately the degree of protection afforded by this vaccine in this country, but it should be considerable, and in the meantime parents may be assured that no untoward effects have arisen from the administration of the vaccine.

The schemes of immunisation against diphtheria, whooping cough and, in its limited form, against tuberculosis, continued as before, and their success is largely due to the unremitting efforts of the Health Visitors in educating parents to their value.

I do not propose to mention individually in this introduction to the Report the other services in connection with Maternity and Child Welfare, Home Nursing, Mental Health, Tuberculosis and the like. The largely statistical information shows the extent to which they are employed, but nothing of the high degree of training, devotion and skill, required of the staff engaged in them and this work, unlike production figures in industry, is interesting primarily in its individual detail. You will I am sure feel gratification at the fine nutritional and physical standard enjoyed by the school-child of to-day, and by the provisions made for the ascertainment, remedial treatment, or placement in normal society of those afflicted by physical or mental handicap. It is, however, in the fields of health education, the fostering of mental health and the earlier detection of conditions leading to mental ill-health that the greatest immediate problem and scope for improvement lies.

You will note that for the first time since the war a section in the School Health report deals with the dental inspection of school children, due to the employment of an Assistant County Dental Officer in the area whose duties also cover the dental services in Heckmondwike. Mr. Ash commenced his duties in July and although in the meantime children from Mirfield will still have to attend the dental clinic in Heckmondwike this should prove a very big advance in the supervision of child health. It is anticipated that the dental clinic in Mirfield will be in operation before the end of 1957.

With regard to the environmental health services you will see that once again a good year's work has been carried out by your staff in the innumerable duties and routine tasks which in the aggregate do so much to improve the standards of living in the community, but again it is the accumulation of these efforts over the years that is in the long run significant. It may be regarded as something of an achievement that every house in Mirfield has now a piped supply of pure water from the mains and although complaints of poor pressure are still received from certain parts of the district this is primarily due to defective service pipes or to the disadvantages of joint supply pipes, and these cases can be dealt with as they arise.

So far as sanitary conveniences are concerned there remain practically no privies which are capable of conversion and even where conversion is impossible chemical closets have replaced privies in seventy-four cases. There remain only eighty-nine privies in the entire district compared with nearly three hundred ten years ago. I am very glad that at long last the extension of the public sewer in Crossley Lane has led to the abolition of the dreadful cesspool near the bacon factory which I always considered to be a very real danger to the public health.

It should also be noted that during the year forty-two houses were represented for demolition as being unfit for human habitation. This is in accordance with the limit set by the Council to deal with approximately three hundred and ninety unfit houses at the rate of forty per year. Thanks to the active slum clearance programme carried out in the late 1930's and the unobstrusive but continuous action in dealing with small numbers of individually unfit houses since the last war the general standard of housing accommodation in the district compares very favourably with that prevalent in neighbouring authorities.

With regard to atmospheric pollution the position remains much as in previous years, and there is still a deposit of some 150 tons of soot per square mile over the whole district each year. And yet apart from domestic smoke and the drift from our larger neighbours there are only three or four industrial premises which cause much concern as serious offenders against public amenity. These will receive increasing attention as the provisions of the Clean Air Act, which comes into force progressively from 1957, gives added powers to Public Health Authorities. Much comment is also caused by the smells emanating from time to time from the Mirvale Chemical Works. Smells are tricky: what is acceptable to one individual is anathema to another and in our inability so far to prove a statutory nuisance reliance must be placed on management to adopt a responsible attitude in their obligations to the community.

Considerable attention has again been paid to food hygiene, and the new Food Hygiene Regulations which become effective in the main from July should give added authority and incentive to the Public Health Inspectors in this important branch of their duties. Once again it is my pleasure to report that the refuse collection service was efficiently and adequately maintained throughout the year at reasonable cost and those engaged in this service deserve praise for their efforts.

In conclusion may I say that I am once again indebted to Mr. Johnson, the Chief Public Health Inspector, for his loyal support and co-operation at all times, to all the members of my staff for their continued endeavours to improve the quality of living in the community and for the loyal and efficient manner in which they have carried out their duties.

I am also grateful for the help and co-operation which have been accorded to the staff by fellow officials, professional colleagues, headteachers and staffs of schools, and the many others with whom we are in almost daily contact throughout the year, and I am glad to acknowledge the courtesy and helpful support which the Health Committee of the Mirfield Council have invariably accorded to me.

I am, Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

W. M. DOUGLAS,

Medical Officer of Health and Divisional Medical Officer.

MIRFIELD URBAN DISTRICT.

Area of district in acres at 1951 census .	• •	3,394
Population at 1951 census	• • • • •	11,885
Number of inhabited houses at 1951 census	• • •	3,939
Number of families or seperate occupiers at	1951 censu	as 3,948
Number of rooms at 1951 census	• • • •	15,228
Statistical Summary of the ar	ea for 195	6
in comparison with 1	955.	
	19	195 6
Area of the district in acres	3,39	94 3,394
Estimated population (mid-year)	11,80	60 11,810
Average number of persons per acre .	3	· 5 3 · 5
Estimated number of dwellinghouses (end of	of year) 4,5	21 4,580
Rateable value at 1st April	£58,28	54 £89,612
Product of Penny Rate (estimate)	£23	£34 0
Crude Death Rate per 1,000 estimate	d	
population	14	·8 13·5
Comparability Factor	0	·96 1·04
Standardised Death Rate	14	·2 14·0
Crude Birth Rate per 1,000 estimate	d	
population	14	·6 16·3
Comparability Factor	1	$\cdot 02$ $1 \cdot 02$
Standardised Birth Rate	14	·9 1 6·7
Still-birth Rate per 1,000 total live and still	1-	
births	22	·6 20·3
Intant Mortality Rate per 1,000 live births	28	•9 20 • 7
Maternal Mortality Rate	N	il Nil

VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1956.

A.	IIML SII	ALIDIA	os run	LERIY	ICAN .	1900.	
Live Births.	(Registere	d)			Males	Females	Total
Legitimate	• • •		• • •		101	88	189
Illegitimate	• • •	• • •	• • •		2	2	4
			<i>c</i> n . 1		100		7.00
			Total		103	90	193
Birth rate per 1,000 estimated population: 16.3.							
•							
Live and Still Ward	Dirths Rot.	ineu in	the Dis	trict.	Males	Females	Total
Battyeford	• • •			• • •	6	6	10tal 12
Eastthorpe			• • •	• • •	$\overset{\circ}{3}$	3	6
Hopton			• • •		1	3	4
Northorpe		• • •		• • •	3	3	$\bar{6}$
•							
Caralan Mata					13	15	28
Crossley Mate	•						440
Memorial I	iospitai	• • •	• • •	• • •			442
		•	Total				470
Deaths Trans	ferable fro	om Dist	trict	• • •			327
							143
Births Transfe	erable to t	he Dist	rict.				
(a) Hospita	als	• • •	• • •	• • •			33
(b) Other	Institution	ns	• • •	• • •			11
Total Net Bir	the halon	aina to	Dietric	+		•	187
Total Net Di	tils belong	ging to	Distric	·			101
Stillbirths.					Males	Females	Total
Legitimate					1		
Illegitimate	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1	3	4
megremace	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •			
			Total	• • •	1	3	4
Stillbirth rate	ner 1 000) total l	live and	etill_b	irths : 20). ?	
	per 1,000) ioiai i	ive and	Sull-D			
Deaths.					Males	Females	Total
Total Deaths	. •			• • •	78	81	159
Deaths regist				• • •	54	64	118
Deaths trans				• • •	$\frac{26}{3}$	20	46
Deaths trans				* • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2	3	5
Death Rate I			^ ^	nation			13.5
Standardised			• • •	• • •			14.0
Deaths from			• • •	• • •			Nil
Deaths of In	fants unde	er 1 yea	ur :		Males	Females	Total
Legitimate	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	3	1	4.
Illegitimate	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •			
					3	1	4
			7.7				

CAUSES OF AND AGES AT DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1956

								100				
	All Ages	Under 1 year	1-4	5—14	15-24	2544	4564	65—74	75 and Over	Males	Females	Deaths in Institutions
Tuberculosis respiratory	1						1			1		
Cancer—												
(a) Stomach	5						$\frac{1}{2}$	3		2	3	$\frac{1}{2}$
(b) Lung, Bronchus	1					1				1		
(c) Breast	2								2		2	
(d) Other	15			,			4	8	3	5	10	7
Diabetes	2						I	2		U	$\begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$,
Vascular Lesions of Nervous								2			2	
System	33					1	9	6	17	9	24	10
Coronary disease, angina	23					1	7	9	6	17	6	2
Hypertension with heart disease	8							4	4	4	4	1
Other heart disease	28							3	25	15	13	2
Other circulatory disease	5					1	2		2	4	1	3
Pneumonia	5	1				1	1		2	4	1	3
Bronchitis	7							1	6	3	4	2
Hypertension of Prostate	2								2	2		2
Congenital Malformations	1	1								1		1
Other defined & ill defined diseases	14	2						6	6	6	8	5
Motor vehicle accidents	1							1			1	
All other accidents	4						1	2	1	2	2	4
Suicide	2							2		2		
	159	4				5	27	47	76	78	81	44

CAUSES OF INFANTILE MORTALITY IN MIRFIELD URBAN DISTRICT, 1956

In First Year	C7 PH PH	4
4th Quarter		61
3rd Quarter		
2nd Quarter	61	67
lst Quarter		
12 months		
Il months		
10 months		
8 months		
8 months		
7 months		
8 months		
g months		
sųjuou p	prod	-
3 months		
28 days—2 months	provid	-
21—28 days		
1420 days		
7—13 days		
6 days		
g qsha		
4 days		
3 days		
2 days		
l day		
Under 1 day	provid	p=4
	: : :	:
eath	cts	LS
of D	defe	TOTA
Cause of D	nital ho pr sturit	T
3	Congenital defects Broncho pneumonia Prematurity	

PREMATURE INFANTS.

Given below are details of live premature infants born at home and in hospital:—

The number of premature babies notified during the year whose mothers are normally resident in the Council's area ... 12 (2) The total number of premature babies notified during the year that were born :— (a) at home 1 in hospital or nursing home (b) 11 (3) The number of those born at home :— (a) who were nursed entirely at home 1 who died during the first 24 hours who survived at the end of one month 1 (4) The number of those born in hospital or nursing home : who died within the first 24 hours I who survived at the end of one month (b) 9

Table showing Birth Weights of Premature Infants. Institutional Confinements.

		No. of Infants who survived				
Birth Weight in pounds	No. of Infants	24 hours	2-7 days	1 month		
Under $2\frac{1}{2}$ $2\frac{1}{2}$ — 3 3 — $3\frac{1}{2}$ $3\frac{1}{2}$ — 4 4 — $4\frac{1}{2}$ $4\frac{1}{2}$ — 5 5 — $5\frac{1}{2}$	$egin{array}{c} 1 \\ 3 \\ - \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ \end{array}$	1 2 1 1 2 3	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ - \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{array} $	1 1 - 1 1 2 3		
Totals	11	10	9	9		

Birth and Mortality Rates for 1956 for the West Riding Administrative County and England and Wales.

	Aggregate of U.D's.	Aggregate of R.D's.	Adminis- trative County	England & Wales	Mirfield
Crude Birth	15.8	17.7	16 • 4	15.7	$16 \cdot 3$
Adjusted Birth	16.0	17.9	$16 \cdot 5$	15 · 7	16.7
Crude Death	12.6	9.8	11.8	11.7	$13 \cdot 5$
Adjusted Death	13.1	12.0	12.9	11.7	14 · 0
Tuberculosis, Respiratory	0.11	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.08
Tuberculosis, Other	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.00
Tuberculosis, All Forms	0.12	0 · 14	0.13	$0 \cdot 12$	0.08
Cancer	2.05	1.50	1.89	$2 \cdot 08$	1.95
Vascular Lesions of the Nervous System	$2\cdot 05$	1 · 36	1.86	sβc	$2\cdot 79$
Heart and Circulatory	4.76	3.71	4 · 47	*	5.42
Respiratory Diseases	1 · 37	1.07	1.29	沝	1.02
Maternal Mortality	0.69	0.12	0.52	0.56	0.00
Infant Mortality	25 • 9	30.0	27 · 1	23.8	20.7
Neo-Natal Mortality	19 • 2	20.8	19.7	16.9	10.4
Stillbirth	23.5	22 · 2	23 · 1	23.0	20.3
			b		

^{*}Figures not available.

The Infant and Neo-natal Mortality Rates are per 1,000 live births.

The Maternal Mortality and Stillbirth Rates are per 1,000 live and stillbirths.

The remaining rates are per 1,000 estimated home population.

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION AND WHOOPING COUGH IMMUNISATION. SMALLPOX & POLIOMYELITIS VACCINATION.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

Primary Injections.

Period	A			
renod	Under 1	1-4	5-14	Total
Six months ending 30th June, 1956	45	18	14	77
Six months ending 31st December, 1956	76	10	3	89
Totals for 1956	121	28	17	166

Re-inforcing Injections.

Period	Age			
renod	Under 1	1-4	5-14	Total
Six months ending 30th June, 1956			37	37
Six months ending 31st December, 1956		20	117	137
Totals for 1956		20	* 154	174

Number of children immunised for the first time during each half-year:—

	First	Second	
	half-year	half-year	Total
1947	3 2	80	112
1948	127	145	272
1949	69	52	121
1950	62	50	112
1951	106	3	109
1952	67	67	134
1953	108	54	162
1954	86	80	166
1955	92	68	160
1956	77	89	166

I give below a table showing the numbers and percentages of children who have had a course of immunisation within the last five years separated from those who had a course of immunisation previously:—

Age at 31-12-56 <i>i.e.</i> , Born in year:	Under 1 1956	1—4 1955–1952	5—9 1951–1947	10—14 1946–1942	Under 15 Total
Last complete course of injections (whether primary or booster) A. 1952-1956	40 (22%)	519 (75%)	634 (64%)	445 (52%)	1638 (60%)
B. 1951 or earlier			293 (29%)	403 (47%)	696 (25%)

Whooping Cough Immunisation.

The following table shows the amount of Whooping Cough Immunisation carried out during the year:—

Age at final injection

mai mijection	
Under 6 months	11
6 months to 1 year	100
1—2 years	53
2—3 years	2
3—4 years	
-	
	166

Immunisation in relation to Child Population.

Number of children at 31st December who had completed a course of immunisation at any time before that date.

THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE P	Age at $31/12/56$ i.e. born in year	Under 1 1956			$\begin{matrix} 3 \\ 1953 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} 4 \\ 1952 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} 5 \\ 1951 \end{matrix}$	6 1950	7 1949	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 1948 \\ \end{array}$	Total
CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	Number immunised	42	104	143	89	89	32	15	6	5	525

Small Pox Vaccination.

Table showing Persons Vaccinated and Re-vaccinated during 1956.

Age at date of vaccination	Under 1	1	2-4	5-14	15 or over	Total
Number Vaccinated	59	40	8	8	12	127
Number Re-Vaccinated			1	12	22	35

Poliomyelitis Vaccination.

The following table shows the number of children in Mirfield who received completed poliomyelitis vaccination during the year:—

Date of Birth	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	Total
Number vaccinated	2	6	2	13	15	12	9	9	68

CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE

occurring in Mirfield Urban District classified according to Wards and Quarters, 1956.

	4		1	p	4		П		9
Mirfield	က		1	01		ಣ	1		57
Mir	63			1	ಣ	parel			4
	-	ಸ್ತ	Н	. es		1	1		6
	4	1	1			1	1		
horpe	က			1	-		1	mb.	
Eastthorpe	23		1		1	-	1		-
	-		1		1	1			
	4		1		4				4
Northorpe	ಣ	1	1	67					2
Vorth	2		1	Î					Н
	1	Н		Ì			1		67
	4	1		H	1	1	=		67
Battyeford	ಣ	1		1	1		1		
Satty	2			1	1				
	1	4		ಣ	1	1			-
	4		1	1	1		1		
ton	က	1	1		1	က			ಣ
Hopton	22	1	1		63		1		67
	1	1	1	1	1	1			
		•		•					
		* * *(.	•	*	•	•	* *		•
	3	* * 6.	*	* 0. ÷	•	* *	ф ф ф-		TOTALS
CosiC	17130	* * *	exia	gh	:	•	* *		TOJ
		Dysentery	Puerperal Pyrexia	Whooping Cough	Scarlet Fever	Measles	Erysipelas		

CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE

occurring in Mirfield Urban District classified according to Age Groups and Wards, 1956.

		Under	-	rO	15	25	45	Over					Removed
Disease	All	l year	to 5 years	to 15 years	to 25 years	to 45 years	to 65 years	65 years	Hopton	Hopton Battye- ford	East- thorpe	Nor- thorpe	to Hospital
Dysentery		1	1	က	-	63			1	4		П	
Puerperal Pyrexia		1		deventation	demonstration	pand		1	1			P	I
Whooping Cough	9		ಣ	က	derevolutel					4	1	67	1
Scarlet Fever		1	73	ಭ	1				67			20	4
Measles	4	1	က	-		1			ಣ			ot any other states of the sta	
Erysipelas				фрациона			П	1	1	H	1	1	1
TOTALS	24		∞	12	1	က	Н		ro	G.	П	6	4
	The state of the s		The second second	The second second		The late of the la		2 11 4 12 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	Of Street or other Designation of the last	The second second	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	The same of the sa	And the second of the second o

TUBERCULOSIS.

Nurse Smith has continued her duties as tuberculosis visitor in this area, maintaining supervision of patients in their own homes, assisting in the tracing of contacts of persons suffering from the disease, and attending with the Consultant Chest Physician at the Chest Clinic. She is the link, as it were, between the Public Health Department, the General Practitioners, the Consultant Chest Physician and the patient, and I believe the arrangement to be convenient, happy and efficient. This particular disease brings in its wake many social problems, which are not always easy of solution, but which it is vital should be tackled by competent and experienced staff.

The statistical details of Tuberculosis in Mirfield are as follows:—

		Pulm	onary	Non-Pu	lmonary
		Male	Female	Male	Female
(a)	Number of Cases on Register at commencement of year	24	10	7	8
(b)	Number of Cases notified first				
	time during the year	1	1	2	2
(c)	Removals from other areas	-			
(d)	Number of Cases removed				
(/	from the Register	5	granage	2	2
(e)	Number of Cases remaining on the Register	20	11	7	8

		New	Cases			Dea	ths	
Age Periods	Respi	ratory	1	on- ratory	Respi	rator y		on- ratory
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0 1 5 10 15 20 25 35 45 55 64 and upwards				1 1 - 1				
Totals	1	1	2	2	1			

Four notifications were received of admission of persons suffering from Tuberculosis to Sanatoria and three discharges.

The following are the institutions to which tuberculosis patients were admitted:—

			Admission	Discharges
Bradley Wood Sanatorium	• • •		1	1
Hyde Lodge Nursing Home	• • •		1	
Leeds General Infirmary	• • •	• • •	1	
Whitley Grange Hospital	• • •		1	1
Scotton Bank Hospital		• • •	1	1
Killingbeck Hospital	• • •	• • •	1	
Staincliffe Hospital	• • •	• • •	1	
	Totals		7	3

MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES.

Mrs. de la Cour has continued her duties as Mental Health Social Worker for this area, and in addition to maintaining supervision of mental defective persons in their own homes she has been of great assistance in obtaining suitable employment for some of these patients, in placing them in Occupation Centres, and in arranging the details of their conveyance from their own homes to the Centres.

She has also undertaken with success visitation of patients discharged from mental hospitals and in co-operation with General Practitioners has materially assisted their rehabilitation in the community. A good understanding and co-operation has been achieved between the General Practitioners, the Hospital staffs and the Public Health Services in this field which is undoubtedly essential to the development of an effective mental health service.

The services of a home teacher of mental defectives, Mrs. M. E. Towell, were obtained in April, and since that date she has held a group training class on one half-day a week at the Valley Road Clinic, Liversedge.

Mental Deficiency Statistics.

1. Number of defectives on register: (a) at home (b) in institutions	Males 6 4	Females 5	Total 11 7
	10	8	18
2. Number of defectives under supervision at home:			
(a) Statutory Supervision	5	. 4	9
(b) Voluntary Supervision (c) On licence from institutions	1	<u> </u>	1
Total under supervision	6	5	11
3. (a) Number of defectives in gainful employment	·;		
(b) Number attending occupation centres (c) Number awaiting admission to	s 2	2	4
Institution			
Totals	2	2	4
4. Placed under supervision in 1956	5		
5. Placed under guardianship in 19566. Admitted to institution in 1956	1		1
7. Admitted to occupation centres 1956			
8. Visits paid during 1956:— (a) To cases on Licence (b) To Cases under Statutory Super-	6	_	6
vision (c) To cases under Voluntary Super-	132	127	259
vision	$\frac{2}{2}$	9	11
(d) For home reports for institutions	5	6	11
	145	142	287
Mental Illness Statist	ics.		
Number of notice to discharged from Moutel	Males	Females	Total
Number of patients discharged from Mental Hospitals during the year	7	2	9
Number of patients followed up	1	5	6
Number of visits made to patients during 1956	22	84	106
requested by, and forwarded to mental hospitals	1	4	5
The Duly Authorised Officer dealt with	the foll	owing cases	
Mirfield during the year :— Certified	Males	Females 2	Total 2

HOME NURSING SERVICE.

Once again the Home Nursing Service played its vital part in the treatment and care of sick people in their own homes. Nurse Lodge and Nurse Latimer took up their duties in February and April respectively and to them fell most of the nursing work in the Mirfield area together with certain other districts in the Divisional area. As compared with last year the number of cases attended by the District Nurses who reside in Mirfield increased from 171 to 205 and the number of visits from 4,000 to 5,290.

1.	No. of cases visited during	1956—	_				
	(a) Medical cases	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	120
	(b) Surgical	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	85
	(c) Infectious diseases .	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	
	(d) Tuberculosis	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	
	(e) Maternal complications		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	
	Tot	al	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	205
2.	No. of visits paid during 19	956 to-	_				
	(a) Medical cases	• •		• • •		• • •	2,731
	(b) Surgical cases	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	2,559
	(c) Infectious diseases .	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	
	(d) Tuberculosis	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	
	(e) Maternal complications		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	

5,290

Total visits paid

DOMICILIARY MIDWIFERY AND ANTE-NATAL CLINICS.

As in previous years approximately 85% of the new births in Mirfield took place in Maternity Homes or Hospitals and the domiciliary midwives attended 28 cases in patient's own homes as shown below. In addition the midwives made ante-natal visits, attended the Ante-Natal Clinics in the Divisional area, and conducted classes for expectant mothers in relaxation techniques and in education for motherhood. No undue problems were encountered and good co-operation was obtained from the General Practitioners and Hospitals staffs.

	Details of I	Deliveries		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Dr. No	t Booked	Dr. B	ooked	Total No. of	
Present	Not Present	Present	Not Present	Cases	
	2		26	28	

(b)	Ante-natal visits	• • •	202
(c)	Post-natal visits	• • •	442
(d)	No. of cases receiving Pethidine alone		1
(e)	No. of cases receiving Gas & Air alone		16
(f)	No. of cases receiving Gas & Air & Petl	nidine	9

The midwives sought medical aid on one occasion, details of which are given below:—

(i)	Pregnancy		• • •	• • •		
	Labour	• • •		• • •		
(iii)	Lying-in	• • •		• • •	• • •	
(iv)	The child	• • •	• • •	• • •		1

The Child.

Prematurity	7	 	 	1

Relaxation classes were held at the Ings Grove Clinic, and 29 patients during the year made 169 attendances.

Ante-Natal.	1955	1956
No. of women who attended during the year	22	16
No. of women attending for the first time	12	14
Total No. of attendances	106	54
Post-Natal.		
No. of women who attended during the year	5	2
No. of women attending for first time	5	2
Total No. of attendances	5	2

HEALTH VISITING AND CHILD WELFARE.

Once again the main emphasis was placed on home visiting by trained Health Visitors and a high level of visitation was maintained. The visits are primarily educational and instructional, and most cordial relationships are thereby established with the mothers who are ready to seek advice either by an individual approach or by periodic attendance at the Infant Welfare Clinics. As will be seen these continued to be well attended as in previous years.

	mber of visits p			sitors di	uring y	ear :		
(\mathbf{a})	To expectant 1	mothers	•			19	55	1956
	(i) First visit				• • •	6	34	44
	(ii) Total visit	ts		• • •	• • •	(96	113
(b)	To children un	ider 1 ve	ear of age	e :				
(~)	(i) First visit		~			14	56	186
	(ii) Total visit					2,7		2,896
(c)	To children bet				l five	,		·
	years:—					7 7	2.0	1 00 /
	(i) Total visit	ts	• • •	• • •	• • •	1,10	90	1.224
(d)	To other classe							
	(i) Total visi	ts		• • •	** * *	1,68	50	1,343
(e)	No. of attenda	ances at	Clinics	• • •	• • •	19	95	195
(f)	No. of parento	craft lect	ures	• • •	• • •	7	7 5	59
(g)	No. of visits to	o schools	for med	ical insp	ection,	minor	ailme	nts.
(6)	cleanliness s			• • • •		42		442
(h)	No. of home v	risits in c	connectio	on with s	school-o			400
						29	93	499
C	mber of childre llinic during the	e year a	nd who	at the				
C		e year a	nd who	at the		f their		105
o a Nu	linic during the ttendance were mber of childre	e year a e under en who a	nd who I year o	at the fage	date or	f their	first	105
o a Nu	linic during the ttendance were mber of childre vere born in:—	e year a e under en who a	nd who I year o	at the fage	date or	f their	first	
o a Nu	linic during the ttendance were mber of childre vere born in:— 1956	e year a e under en who a	nd who I year o	at the fage during	date or	f their	first	96
o a Nu	linic during the ttendance were mber of childre vere born in:— 1956 1955	e year a e under en who a	nd who I year o	at the fage	date or	f their	first	96 83
o a Nu	linic during the ttendance were mber of childre vere born in:— 1956	e year a e under en who a	nd who I year o	at the fage during	date or	f their	first	96
o a Nu	linic during the ttendance were mber of childre vere born in:— 1956 1955	e year a e under en who a	nd who I year of attended	at the fage during	date or	f their	first	96 83
o a Nu	linic during the ttendance were mber of childre vere born in:— 1956 1955	e year a e under en who a	nd who I year of attended	at the fage during	date or	f their	first	96 83 55
Nu V	dinic during the attendance were mber of children vere born in:— 1956 1955 1954-1951	e year a e under en who a rotal	nd who I year of attended	at the fage during	the year	f their ar and	first who	96 83 55
Nu V	dinic during the attendance were mber of children vere born in:— 1956 1955 1954-1951 mber of attendant the date of at	e year a e under en who a Total	nd who I year of attended I ring the green is	at the fage during	the year	f their ar and	first who	96 83 55 —————————————————————————————————
Nu V	the during the tendance were mber of children vere born in:— 1956 1955 1954-1951 mber of attendate the date of at Under 1 year	e year a e under en who a rotal	nd who I year of attended I ring the gewere:	at the f age during	the year	f their ar and	first who	96 83 55 —————————————————————————————————
Nu V	dinic during the attendance were mber of children vere born in:— 1956 1955 1954-1951 mber of attendant the date of at Under 1 year 1, but under 2	e year a e under en who a rotal ances duratendance	nd who I year of attended I ring the property of	at the fage during	the year	f their ar and	first who	$ \begin{array}{r} 96 \\ 83 \\ 55 \\ \hline 234 \\ \hline \hline 1299 \\ 144 \end{array} $
Nu V	the during the tendance were mber of children vere born in:— 1956 1955 1954-1951 mber of attendate the date of at Under 1 year	e year a e under en who a rotal ances duratendance	nd who I year of attended I ring the property of	at the f age during	the year	f their ar and	first who	96 83 55 —————————————————————————————————
Nu V	dinic during the attendance were mber of children vere born in:— 1956 1955 1954-1951 mber of attendant the date of at Under 1 year 1, but under 2	e year a e under en who a rotal ances duratendance	nd who I year of attended I ring the per were:	at the f age during	the year	f their ar and	first who	$ \begin{array}{r} 96 \\ 83 \\ 55 \\ \hline 234 \\ \hline \hline 1299 \\ 144 \end{array} $

HOME HELP SERVICE.

The following table shows the deployment of the home help service in the Mirfield area and the types of case supplied. It is indeed a valuable service in increasing the standard of living in the home, particularly for the elderly and infirm. It can be said that the amount of help available was adequate to the needs of the district, and few cases in need were unable to receive prompt service.

Reason for Provision	No. of Cases	Hours worked	Percentages
Maternity	7	573	3.9
Tuberculosis			
Chronic Sick & Infirm			
Over 65	70	12,057	$81 \cdot 5$
Under 65	4	988	$6 \cdot 7$
Others	6	1,171	7.9
Totals	87	14,789	100

CONVALESCENT HOME TREATMENT.

There were no requests for the County Council to provide convalescent home treatment under Section 28 of the National Health Service Act, 1946.

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICE.

The following section of the Report shows in statistical form the work carried out in connection with the supervision of the health of children attending school in Mirfield. The majority of the work follows on from the routine inspections carried out in respect of school entrants, eight year olds, first year secondary school and leavers. Special examinations are also made where required among the remainder of the school population.

As the Report shows the standard of physical condition and nutrition is very high, and there can be no doubt that over the years the School Health Service has played a major part in achieving this very desirable situation. In consequence the ascertainment of special defect and the provision made for children suffering from them is ever improving. It requires, for example, little imagination to understand the benefit to be derived from Speech Therapy, Child Guidance, Physiotherapy or Chiropody, although the numbers requiring these services are fortunately small.

It will be noted that a start was made during the year in Tuber-culin Testing school entrants and eight year olds. Whereas only 2% are positive at entry some 13% are positive at eight years of age, and it may be possible in future years to make use of this information in tracing the sources of infection.

With regard to the B.C.G. Scheme I am glad to say that the percentage of parents agreeing to this procedure has increased to 76% this year compared with 66% last year. No untoward effects have resulted from the employment of this vaccine which is believed to give a good measure of protection against tuberculosis in the dangerous years of adolescence.

The health education talks given by the School Nurses to the senior girls at the Secondary Modern School continued this year and we believe that they have their valuable part to play in the proper education of the mothers of the future.

For the first time a scheme of dental inspection and treatment for school children commenced in Mirfield in the middle of the year. This was a long overdue and eagerly awaited service which staffing difficulties in the County service rendered impossible before now, and with the imminent adaptations of the decontamination centre at Ings Grove Park to a Dental Clinic we may hope for a speedy expansion in the near future.

Classification of the Physical Condition of Children Examined at Routine Medical Inspections.

Age Groups	Number of Pupils	Sa	atisfactory	Unsa	tisfactory
Inspected	Inspected	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Entrants 7-8 years Intermediates Leavers	. 152 . 124	176 152 123 128	99.43 100.00 99.19 99.22	1 1 1	·57 — ·81 ·78
	582	579	99 · 48	3	•52

Total number of children who have been re-examined for follow-up defects 31

During the year 23 free issues of dietary supplements in the form of iron tonics were made to school children where recommended by the School Medical Officer.

The following table shows the type of defects discovered at the routine School medical inspections:—

Defects Table.

7			
Defects	Recommended for Treatment	Recommended for Observation	Totals
Skin Ears:	9	4	13
(a) Hearing		7	7
(b) Otitis Media	1	6	7
(c) Other			
Nose and Throat	6	21	27
Speech	4	1	5
Lymphatic Glands		7	7
Heart and			
Circulation	1	3	4
Lungs	1	8	9
Developmental:			
(a) Hernia		1	1
(b) Other	60-v-10	8	8
Orthopaedic:			2
(a) Posture	$\frac{2}{2}$		$\frac{2}{1}$
(b) Feet	. 8 7	6	14
(c) Other	7	13	20
Nervous System:			
(a) Epilepsy (b) Other	2		$\frac{}{2}$
Psychological	<i>2</i>		4
(a) Development		3	3
(b) Stability		1	1
Other Defects	1	10	11
Abdomen	i		11
Totals	43	99	142

SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS.

In accordance with the requirements of the Education Act, 1944, a number of children have been referred by the Education Authority which has necessitated the arrangement of special examinations. During the year 9 children were examined involving 10 examinations altogether. The following recommendations for special education were made:—

Education in a School for Educationally Subnormal Pupils	1
Special Education in an ordinary school	1
Admission to Hospital School	1
Referred to Child Guidance Clinic	4
Reported to Local Authority for the purposes of the Mental Deficiency Acts—	
Section 57 (3) (incapable of receiving education at school)	

One child was admitted to a School for Educationally Subnormal Pupils.

Section 57(5) (require supervision after leaving school) ...

There were no discharges from special schools during the year.

The following table shows the number of children from Mirfield receiving, and those awaiting, education in special schools at 31st December, 1956:—

Type of School	No. of children receiving special education	No. of children awaiting special education
School for partially sighted	. 1	
School for the deaf	. 1	
Open Air School for Delicate pupils School for physically	. 1	
handicapped	. 2	
School for Educationally		
subnormal pupils	. 1	3
Home Tuition	. 1	
Hospital Home		

CONSULTANT EYE CLINIC.

The following statistics give details of the cases examined:	
Number of children examined for the first time	32
Number of re-examinations	123
Total number of attendances	155
Number of sessions held during the year	14
Number for whom spectacles were prescribed for first time	e 24
Number for whom spectacles were prescribed subsequentl	y 69
Number referred for other treatment	5
Number referred for operative treatment	

MINOR AILMENTS CLINIC.

Minor Ailment						No. ti	reated
Skin:	_						
Ringworm—b	ody	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	
Scabies			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	
Impetigo	4 • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	21
Other skin dis	seases	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	9
Eye Disease:							
(External and						ors of	
refraction and	cases	admitt	ed to h	nospital). ~		
Ear Defects:						•	
Otitis media		• • •	• • •				•
Otorrhoea		• • •	• • •				-
				• • •			1
Miscellaneous							491
(e.g., minor in	juries,	bruises	s, sores	, chilbla	ains, et	tc.)	
(0)	,		,	•	,	,	
				Total		• • •	522
Total number of	attend	fances	at Au	thority	's Mir	or	
Ailment Clinic							569
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	
מיד זוז	A VITO	ו ידים זו	TATIO	OF TATE	4		
OHIU							
	IN VIC		LIGHT	CLINIC	<i>)</i> •		
77 4 3 3 7 6			LIGHT	ULINIU	<i>)</i> •		
Total No. of session	ns held	ł		···	•••	78	
No. of sessions hel	ons held d week	ł			•••	2	
No. of sessions held No. of cases treate	ons held d week	d	• • •	* * a	• • •		
No. of sessions held No. of cases treate No. of treatments	ons held d week	d	•••	• • •		2 63 614	
No. of sessions held No. of cases treate	ons held d week	d	•••	• • •	• • •	2 63	
No. of sessions held No. of cases treate No. of treatments	ons held d week d f atten	d dy dances	per se	• • •	• • •	63 614 8	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treate No. of treatments Average number of	ons held d week d f atten	d dy dances of treat	per se	ssion	• • •	63 614 8	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treate No. of treatments Average number of Average length of of No. on register at	ons held d week d f atten course end of	d dy dances of treat	per sea	ssion	• • •	$egin{array}{c} {\bf 2} \\ {\bf 63} \\ {\bf 614} \\ {\bf 8} \\ {\bf 9\frac{1}{2}} {\bf s} \end{array}$	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treate No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treated.	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated:	d dances of treat	per sea	ssion	• • •	$egin{array}{c} {\bf 2} \\ {\bf 63} \\ {\bf 614} \\ {\bf 8} \\ {\bf 9}\frac{1}{2} { m s} \\ {\bf 15} \end{array}$	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treate No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of cases treatments of cases treatments.	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion	•••	$egin{array}{c} 2 \\ 63 \\ 614 \\ 8 \\ 9\frac{1}{2} \\ 15 \\ 7 \\ \end{array}$	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of cases treatments of cases treatments of cases treatments of cases treatments.	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion	•••	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 63\\ 614\\ 8\\ 9\frac{1}{2}\\ 15 \end{array}$	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at a Details of cases treatments of cases treatments of cases treatments and the No. on register at the Recurrent Brone Re	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion	•••	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 63\\ 614\\ 8\\ 9\frac{1}{2}\\ 15 \end{array}$	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of cases treatm	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion	•••	$egin{array}{c} 2 \\ 63 \\ 614 \\ 8 \\ 9\frac{1}{2} \\ 15 \\ \hline \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 16 \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$	essions
No. of cases treate No. of treatments Average number of Average length of of No. on register at Details of cases treate General Debility Anaemia Recurrent Brone Cervical Adeniti Frequent Colds	f attencourse end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion		$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 63\\ 614\\ 8\\ 9\frac{1}{2}\\ 15 \end{array}$	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of cases treatment and the Central Debility Anaemia Recurrent Brone Cervical Adeniting Frequent Colds Catarrh	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion		2 63 614 8 9½ 8 15 7 8 16 1 12 5	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of the Cervical Adenition of Cervic	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion		2 63 614 8 9½ 15 7 8 16 1 12 5 3	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of cases treatments of cases treatments of cases treatments of cases treatments. Recurrent Brone Cervical Adenition Frequent Colds Catarrh Enuresis Styes	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion		2 63 614 8 9½ 15 7 8 16 1 12 5 3 4	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of cases treatments of cases treatment and the Cervical Debility Anaemia Recurrent Brone Cervical Adeniti Frequent Colds Catarrh Enuresis Styes Chilblains	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion		2 63 614 8 9½ 15 7 8 16 1 12 5 3 4 3	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of cases treatm	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated: chitis	d dances of treat year	per ses	ssion		2 63 614 8 9½ 15 7 8 16 1 12 5 3 4 3 1	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at a Details of cases treatments of cases treatmen	f attencourse end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per second	ssion		2 63 614 8 9½ 15 7 8 16 1 12 5 3 4 3 1	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of cases treatmen	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated: chitis	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion		2 63 614 8 9½ 15 7 8 16 1 12 5 3 4 3 1	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at a Details of cases treatments of cases treatmen	f attencourse end of eated:	d dances of treat year	per seament	ssion		2 63 614 8 9½ 15 7 8 16 1 12 5 3 4 3 1	essions
No. of sessions held No. of cases treated No. of treatments Average number of Average length of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of the No. on register at the Details of cases treatments of cases treatmen	ons held d week d f atten course end of eated: chitis	d dances of treat year	per ses	ssion		2 63 614 8 9½ 8 15 7 8 16 1 12 5 3 4 3 1	essions

SPEECH THERAPY CLINIC.

No. of half-day sessions held during No. of new cases treated during year			• • •	• • •	$\frac{26}{4}$
No. of cases attending for treatmer				• • •	8
Total number of cases treated			•••	• • •	12
No. of cases awaiting treatment at			• • •	• • •	5
No. of visits made to schools			• • •	• • •	1
No. of home visits	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	
Analysis of Cases Treated:			Boys	Gi	rls
			3		1
	* * *	• • •	V		_
Defects of Articulation—					
(a) Dyslalia			4	_	
(b) Rhinolalia, due to Cleft Pa			2		
(c) Sigmatism	* * *	• • •	2	-	
Defective speech due to					
(1) Educational sub-normality	7		garging-recently	_	
(2) Deafness		• • •			
Retarded Speech Development			1		
			_		
Analysis of Cases Discharged:					
Discharges during year	• • •	• • •	,		
Speech normal	• • •	• • •	1		
Speech improved	• • •	• • •	1		andip.
Left District		* * *	1	_	
CONSULTANT PAR	DIATR	IC CLI	NIC.		
Dr M F G Buchanan of t	he Den	artman	t of Ch	ild Ho	alth
					C

Dr. M. F. G. Buchanan of the Department of Child Health, Leeds University, attended Elm Bank Clinic in a consultant capacity and during the year twenty-five sessions were held. Cases were referred to him both from the Assistant County Medical Officers and from General Practitioners in the area.

I give below details of attendance	sand	the typ	oes of c	ases se	en :—
No. of sessions held during the year	ear	• • •			25
No. of individual patients seen:					
(a) Pre-school children		• • •	• • •	• • •	2
(b) School children	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	63
Total number of attendances	• • •	• • •	• • •		149
Types of cases seen:					
(a) Enuresis	• • •	• • •			40
(b) Obesity		• • •	• • •	• • •	3
(c) Heart Defects	• • •			• • •	2
(d) Epilepsy		• • •	• • •	• • •	2
(e) Congenital abnormality	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1
(f) Lung defect	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	6
(g) Miscellaneous	• • •	• • •			11
			Tot	tal	65

CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC.

No. of new cases seen during year	0	Girls 6	Total 22
No. of cases continuing attendance from last year	6	. 1	7
dential treatment in hostels for maladjusted children	$\frac{1}{4}$	<u> </u>	$\frac{1}{9}$

Types of disturbance as diagnosed.

	Nervous Disorder	Habit Disorder	Behaviour Disorder	Organic Disorder	Psychotic Behaviour	Educational and Vocational Difficulties	Special Investiga- tion e.g. adoption	Unclassified	Number of children in each age Group
BOYS. 5 and under 6-10 inclusive 11 and over	1 4 1	$-\frac{3}{2}$	 8 6						$\begin{array}{c}1\\10\\5\end{array}$
GIRLS. 5 and under 6-10 inclusive 11 and over	<u>1</u>	_	4	1 1 1		1 1 1			1 4 1
	7	5	18	5		7	_		22

PHYSIOTHERAPY CLINIC.

The Physiotherapist continues to attend in Mirfield for one half-day session each week, and during the year 40 half-day sessions were held. The following table shows details of attendances and types and numbers of defects referred:—

No.	of children on register 1st January,	1956			13
	of children referred for treatment		* * *		13
Tota	al number of attendances				294
Tota	al number of treatments	• • •		• • •	345
No.	of children discharged				12
No.	of children on register 31st Decemb	er, 19	56		14
	_				

Defect.					N	lumbe	r.
Asthma						4	
Bronchiectas	is	e e o.		e, e. e.		2	
Sprained Anl	kles					2	
Postural			0.00	• • •	• • •	13	
Flat feet	• • •					3	
Knock knee						1	
Poliomyelitis						ī	
J		V. V V		***		***	

26

CHIROPODY CLINIC.

49 half-day sessions were held by the Chiropodist at Mirfield Clinic during 1956. A total of 145 cases was seen by the Chiropodist. The 145 cases seen made 649 attendances and the following table gives the types and numbers of conditions treated:—

Defe	ects	No.		Defec		No.	
Hallux Valgus		• • •	27	Under/Overlappin	ng Toes		42
Hammer Toes	• • •	• • •	10	Corns & Callus		• • •	64
Metatarsalgia		• • •		Verruca	• • •	• • •	38
Nail Conditions		• • •	18	Pes Cavus	• • •	• • •	
Weak Foot			10	Chilblains	• • •	• • •	26
Tinea Pedis	• • •	• • •	1	Septic Conditions	• • •	• • •	2
Hallux Rigidus		• • •	1				

B.C.G. SCHEME.

The following is a statistical summary of the results of the scheme for the year:—

101 C110 J CC11 .							
No. of thirteen year olds on s		• • •	203				
No. offered testing and vacci	• • •	• • •	203				
No. found to have been vacc	inated	previo	usly	• • •	• • •	7	
No. of acceptances	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	149	
Percentage of acceptances	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	76%	
No. of children tested	o. of children tested						
Result of Mantoux test:—							
(a) Mantoux Positive	• • •					60	
(b) Mantoux Negative	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	87	
Percentages :—							
(a) Mantoux Positive			• • •	• • •	• • •	40.8%	
(b) Mantoux Negative	• • •	• • •		• • •		$59 \cdot 2\%$	
No. of children vaccinated	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	87	
No. of final conversion Tests	nths		84				
No. of conversions at twelve	month	S				71	

TUBERCULIN JELLY TESTING OF SCHOOL ENTRANTS AND EIGHT-YEAR OLDS.

Tuberculin jelly testing was commenced in September and arrangements were made to carry this out on school entrants and children in the seven to eight year group. A letter of explanation and consent form was sent by the teachers with the Form N.P. to the children in these groups when they were due for medical examination at school. These were returned to the school and the school nurse applied the tuberculin and control jelly to those children whose parents had consented to this procedure being carried out, three days before the school medical inspection was due to be held. The School Medical Officers read these results when the children were presented for medical inspection and the implications were explained to the parents. Where the jelly test proved to be positive, the children were invited to the school clinic for a further skin test and, where this again proved to be positive, the tuberculosis visitor was informed and she arranged for follow-up of the child and contacts at the chest clinic.

I give below the results of the jelly tests for the year ended 31st December, 1956:—

Decei	nber, 1990	, .—							
		New E	ntrants				Boys		Girls
Numb	per offered	jelly te	sting			• • •	$2 m \mathring{8}$		28
	per of acce		_	• • •			24		27
	ntage of a	-					86%		96%
	t of test:	1							70
(a)	positive				• • •	• • •			1
1 _ 1	negative						24		26
` '	ntage:								
	positive						*-delitation con		4%
	negative						100%		96%
	t of final s						70		70
	positive			• • •	• • •				1
	negative								
(-)		7/8 Yea					Boys		Girls
Numb	er offered	. '		-	• • •		$3\widetilde{2}$		29
	er of acce			• • •			29		25
	ntage of a			• • •	• • •	• • •	91%		86%
	t of test:	1					70		7.0
	positive						4		3
· · · ·	negative	• • •		• • •	• • •		$2\overline{5}$		$2\overline{2}$
` ,	ntage:								
	positive		• • •				14%		12%
, ,	negative				• • •		86%		88%
\ /	t of final s						0 0 70		00 /0
	positive						1		
	negative			• • •			$\hat{2}$		2
` '	not ascer			• • •	•••		ĩ		$\frac{2}{1}$
	number of				• • •	• • •			2
	number of				• • •	• • •		• •	14
	per of New							• • •	Nil.
1 unit	OI DI TACA	Cases C		Culoni	10100	vereu	• • •		1111.

In a number of cases parents volunteered information about their relatives who had suffered from tuberculosis and who may possibly have been the original source of infection. It is, however, also true that this area did not become "designated" for the sale of specially designated milk until 1953.

DENTAL TREATMENT OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

No. of children found to require trea	atment	 	• • •	906
No. of children offered treatment	• • •	 • • •	• • •	610
No. of children treated	• • •	 	• • •	300
No. of attendances	• • •	 	• • •	543
No. of extractions—temporary	• • •	 	• • •	665
No. of extractions—permanent		 		75
No. of general anaesthetics	• • •	 		228
No. of fillings—temporary	• • •	 	• • •	3
No. of fillings—permanent	• • •	 	• • •	335
No. of other operations—temporary		 	• • •	
No. of other operations—permanent		 		8

Cleanliness Inspections.

Three routine inspections were carried out at each school by the school nurses and a total of 4,679 inspections and re-inspections was carried out. In 148 instances infestation was detected and this involved 105 individual children, the condition of some of the children being unsatisfactory on more than one occasion. It should be pointed out that in the majority of cases the degree of infestation is extremely light.

The remedial procedure adopted on the discovery of these defects is to notify the parents informally in the first instance, visiting if necessary to give advice on the methods of dealing with infestation. If cure is not effected the nurse visits the home and interviews the parents, and finally, if it is evident that insufficient care is being exercised, the Statutory Notice under the Education Act, 1944, is sent requiring the child to be cleansed to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer or of the person appointed by him for that purpose within 48 hours. No Statutory Notices were issued during the year.

The section of the report which follows, relating to the Sanitary Circumstances of the area and the work of the Public Health Inspectors, has been compiled by Mr. H. H. Johnson, Chief Public Health Inspector.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

Sanitary Conveniences.

The position existing at the year endir	ng 1950	3 is as	follo	ws :
Number of Privies	• • •	• • •	• • •	89
,, Privy Middens	• • •		• • •	48
" Water Closets	• • •	• • •	• • •	4,798
,, Waste Water Closets	• • •	• • •	• • •	16
,, Pail Closets	• • •		• • •	74
Number of Water Closets provided dur follows:	ing the	e year	is as	
By conversion of Privies to Water Clos	sets	• •. •	• • •	1
By provision of extra closet accommod	lation t	o exist	ting	
property where insufficient	• • •		• • •	12
By provision to new property	• • •	• • •	o • •	80
By conversion of Waste Closets to W.C'	s.	• • •	• • •	1
By conversion of Pail Closets to W.C's.	• • •	• • •	* * *	
	Total	• • •	•••	94
Conversion of Privies to Chemical Close	ts	• • •		
No. of Chemical Closets Provided				
No of Chemical Closets discontinued	• • •	• • •		
Number of Dry Ashpits		• • •		5
Number of Dust Bins	• • •	* * *	• • •	4,319

Ward	Privies	W.C.	Waste W.C.	Pail Closets	Bins
Eastthorpe Ward Hopton Ward Battyeford Ward Northorpe Ward	9 35 23 22	1145 723 1736 1194	 8 8 	2 42 12 18	999 795 1372 1153
Totals	89	4798	16	74	4319

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT.

Details of inspection	ns mad	le					
Total number	of insp	ections	made	;	• • •	• • •	2659
Dwelling Houses.							
O 11							500
Municipal Hou		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	44
Municipal App			• • •	• • •		• • •	26
Housing Act 1				• • •	• • •	• • •	7
Housing Act,				• • •			169
Houses (Cons.	Regs.)		• • •	• • •			$\overline{112}$
Re Notifiable			• • •	• • •	• • •		57
Disinfection—	Infecti	ous Dis			• • •		2
Improvement	Grant					• • •	28
Certificate of I		ir		• • •	• • •	• • •	8
Land Charges	• • • •			• • •		• • •	129
Dirty Houses	• • •		• • •	• • •		• • •	5
·							
Sanitary Convenien	ices.						
Water Closets							21
Privies		,			• • •	• • •	$\frac{1}{2}$
Pail Closets		• • •			• • •		1
Tipplers		• • •				• • •	8
Cesspools			• • •	• • •		• • •	2
Septic Tanks	• • •					• • •	10
·							
Refuse Storage.							
Ashbins	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	146
Ashplaces						• • •	1
_							
Drains.							
Inspections	• • •						12
Tests	• • •				• • •		39
	•••				•••		00
Sewers.							
_					ő		~ 0
Sewers		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	59
Factories.							
	1		,				0.0
Factories (with		_	,		• • •	• • •	$\frac{29}{2}$
Factories (with			_	,	• • •		$\frac{2}{2}$
Factories (out		/	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	6
Factories (mea	ns of e	escape)	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	2
Food Storage, Prepa	aration	. etc.					
Food Premises							41
Slaughter Hou		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	408
Food Byelaws		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	16
Meat & Food			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	419
meat & Food.	inspec	CIUXIS	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	713

Smoke Abatement and A	tmosph	eric Pol	lution	•			
Atmospheric Pollut	ion		• • •		• • •		57
Boiler Houses		• • •					2
Smoke Observation	s			• • •			22
Rodent Control.							
Inspections		6. 0. 0			* * •		148
Chang							
Shops.							
Inspections—Shops	Act	0 6. 0			0 0 0		7
Miscellaneous.							
							0.4
Inspections	0 0-0	0. 0. 0	0 0 0	0 0 0-	0 0 0		94
	NOTICE	ES SER	EVED.				
Informal Notices Served	1						54)
Informal Notices outstar		end of	•		• • •		67
1955	•••		• •				13)
Informal Notices compli Statutory Notices Serve	ed with			g- 8 · 6	8. 6 . Gr	* * *	56
Statutory Notices Serve	ď	• • • •	• •			• • •]
Statutory Notices compl			• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	13
Notices Outstanding at	end of I	956 .			•••		13
Verbal Notices given an				the h	temedy	of	3.5
Defects, etc Letters sent			o. =		• • •	0 - 0 - 0	$\frac{17}{3}$
Letters sent Complaints received	0 0 0.		• •		• • •	• • •	149
Complaints confirmed			• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	140
					•••		110
SUMMARY OF SAI	ATT A DV	TMDD	OVEN	TENTS			n
SUMMARI OF SAI	IIIMMI	IMITA	OATT	IMMIS	LIFTE	OIE	D.
Houses.							
Houses made fit	• • •		• •				38
Overcrowding Abate					• • •		11
Roofs Repaired				• • •	• • •		19
Eaves, Spouting, Ra			Pipe 1	Repair	ed	• • •	14
Rain Water Pipe Di			• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1
External Walls Rep			• •	• • •	• • •	0-8-8	3
Water improved			• •	• • •	0-0-0		4
Internal Walls Repa			• •	• •	• • •	• • •	9
Floors Repaired Doors Repaired			-	0.0 0	• • •	• • •	2
Fire-places Repaired	_		• •		• • •	• • •	4 4 2 3 2 1 2 7
Dangerous Structure			• •	•••			1
Coal Stores Improve			• •	• • •	•••		2
Ventilation Improve	ed .	• •	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	
Ceilings Repaired		• •	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	5
Chimneys Repaired	• • • •	• •		0.0.0	• • •	• • •	9

Drains.						
Repaired & Re-constructe	ed			• • •		2
Cleansed by Owner		• • •	• • •	• • •		3
I.C. Constructed	* * *		• • •	• • •		11
Ventilated	• • •			• • •		10
New drain constructed	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	10
Open for inspection	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	10
Accumulations.						
Manure						2
Other			• • •		• • •	$\frac{1}{2}$
Animals, Poultry, etc.						2
Nuisances Abated	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	2
Ash-bins and Ash-places.						
Bins Renewed	• • •	• • •				205
Ash-places Abolished	• • •		• • •		• • •	
Clarata						
Cleansed or Limed						G
Reconstructed & Repaire	۸	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	6
Tub Closets Repaired		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	$\frac{22}{2}$
Tub Closets Repaired		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	4
Sinks.						
New Sinks Provided	• • •		• • •		• • •	7
Waste Pipe Trapped & R	epaired.		• • •	• • •	• • •	10

SHOPS ACT, 1934.

7 inspections have been made under the Shops Act, 1934, during the year. No contraventions of the Act were found.

Licensed Premises.

Following the survey of Sanitary accommodation provided at Licensed Premises in the Area, interviews have been held with representatives of a number of the Breweries concerned, and discussions have taken place on suggested improvements.

The sanitary accommodation at two of the licensed premises was improved during the year and is now satisfactory.

There now remain only four premises out of a total of 13 which require improvement.

SMOKE ABATEMENT AND ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION.

The emission of smoke from industrial premises has been observed during the year. In general there has been an improvement in smoke emission. One or two individual factories only cause some concern.

It has to be remembered that under existing legislation the emission of black smoke for a period not exceeding three minutes each half hour does not constitute an offence and a factory may emit smoke more or less continuously in moderate quantities. The passing of the new Clean Air Act is now awaited with interest, and it is anticipated that this will be produced during the coming year.

The atmospheric pollution stations were maintained during the year. The records show that no serious increase in pollution is taking place in the area and the deposits follow a similar pattern as is observed nationally.

The readings of the stations are set out in the following table.

E : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :									Knowl
		FIELD HEAD			HOPTON LANE		EAS	EASTTHORPE	House
: : :		Total Solids Tons/Sq. M.	Mg. SO ₃ /Day	Rainfall ins.	Total Solids Tons/Sq. M.	Mg. SO ₃ /Day	Rainfall ins.	Total Solids Tons/Sq. M.	Mg. SO3 /Day
: :	2.76	13.32	4.44	3.53	12.16	3.18	4.06	20.34	3.23
:	0.55	87.6	2.90	0.71	7.56	3.32	1.14	13.10	2.29
	*	*	3.24	1.26	13.22	2.70	86.0	20.64	2.06
April 2.	2.04	14.05	*	1.93	14.91	2.17	2.04	12.37	1.90
May 0.	0.19	2.07	1.52	0.55	12.56	1.39	19.0	13.64	1.04
June, 2.	2.04	9.91	1.09	2.17	5.46	1.02	2.05	10.77	0.87
July 4·	4.57	10.01	0.84	4.92	10.57	0.79	5.12	13.44	0.51
August 5.	5.36	9.71	1.12	5.59	8.94	1.24	5.63	18.47	$1 \cdot 08$
September 3.	3.28	17.67	1.69	3.43	16.90	1.33	3.61	16.97	0.82
October	1.06	10.14	2.01	1.54	15.96	1.45	1.49	9.40	1.04
* November	*	*	2.72	0.63	10.93	2.28	06.0	13.64	1.70
December 2.	2.76	10.53	3.48	3.07	10.97	3.00	3.55	22.51	2.16

*No reading available. Damage to equipment.

PREMISES AND OCCUPATIONS WHICH CAN BE CONTROLLED BY BYELAWS AND REGULATIONS.

All premises and occupations within the district which can be controlled by byelaws are already so controlled. There are no lodging-houses or underground sleeping rooms and three van dwellings only in the district.

One site is licensed to accommodate eight trailer type caravans.

WATER.

The district receives the bulk of its supplies from Huddersfield Corporation. The supply is constant and direct to the houses.

A number of houses still complain of a poor supply of water but this is now attributed to defective service pipes and these cases are under investigation. The Water Undertakers, after prolonged negotiation, agreed to operate the provisions of the Third Schedule to the Water Act, 1945, in respect of such defective joint service pipes.

The whole district is now on a piped supply from the mains. We may, I think, consider this to be another important step in Public Health progress in the district.

PLUMBO-SOLVENCY OF WATER SUPPLIES.

Two samples of water from the Huddersfield Corporation mains supply were submitted for examination as follows:—

		Resur Examin		
Supply Date Sample Collected	Address at which collected	Approx. Length of Lead Service Pipe	Lead Content (grains per gallon)	P.H. Value
Huddersfield Corporation After standing in pipe for a measured period of hour 29-3-56	Council Offices, Mirfield	35 ft.	Nil	7 · 1
3-10-56 After standing in pipe all night 29-3-56 3-10-56	do. Council Offices, Mirfield do.	35 ft. 35 ft. 35 ft.	Nil Nil Nil	$7 \cdot 1$ $7 \cdot 1$ $7 \cdot 1$

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

Except in isolated cases the district is provided with sewers. The Crossley Lane sewer was extended during the year.

RIVERS AND STREAMS.

The River Calder runs through Mirfield and is in a polluted state when it enters the district. Considerable improvement has been made in the disposal of trade effluent from the majority of factories in the area which now enters the sewer, and as a result is improving the condition of the Calder.

HOUSING.

During the year 12 flats were completed by the Council. In addition 50 private houses were completed by private enterprise. This rate of building is most encouraging and has materially improved the housing situation in the district.

The year saw the commencement of the Council's Slum Clearance Scheme. 42 houses were represented as unfit—26 in Clearance Areas and 16 by Individual action. It is intended to represent approximately 40 houses per annum for Clearance. It was reported that there are 394 houses requiring Clearance, and in addition 521 houses of the back-to-back type for future action.

HOUSING ACT, 1949,—IMPROVEMENT GRANTS.

The intention of the Council to take every action possible to improve the housing conditions in the district is evidenced by their decision to make grants under the above Act for the improvement of suitable houses. During the year 10 such grants have been approved, amounting to £1,500, as against 12 grants amounting to £1,505 in the previous year. The work involved has thrown additional strain on the Department, but is felt to be well worth while.

HOUSING POINTS SCHEME.

The existing Points Scheme was discontinued during the year, applicants are now generally selected on length of application. Provision is, however, made for priority for Slum Clearance, Overcrowding and certain medical cases.

OVERCROWDING.

One new case of overcrowding was found during the year. The position of the statutory overcrowding cases in the area is very satisfactory; only two cases are known to exist. Many cases of moral overcrowding, however, still exist and the figures do not include those families who are living with parents and friends and are without a house of their own.

Overcrowding Particulars.

(1)	(2)	Number of dwelling houses overcrowded at the	
(1)	(a)		~
		end of the year	2
	(b)	Number of families dwelling therein	2
	(c)	Number of persons dwelling therein	111
(2)	` /	Number of new cases of overcrowding reported	~
` /		during the year	1
(3)	(a)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during	
` /	()	the year	11
	(b)	Number of persons concerned in such cases	$60\frac{1}{8}$

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk Supply.

Regular inspections have been made at all dairy premises in the district and the provisions of the Milk and Dairies Regulation, 1949, as applicable to dairies and distributors have been enforced. The common practice of depositing milk bottles and crates on footpaths has been discontinued, apart from isolated instances which are dealt with as they arise.

Number of	distributors registered in the area	• • •	• • •	40
	Dairies registered in the area			3

MILK (SPECIAL DESIGNATIONS) REGULATIONS 1949.

The licences issued by the Council under the above Regulations are as follows:—

Tuberculin Tested (Dealers)				15
Tuberculin Tested (Supplementary)		• • •	• • •	13
Pasteurised (Dealers)			• • •	14
Pasteurised (Supplementary)	• • •		• • •	14
Sterilised (Dealers)	• • •		• • •	14
Sterilised (Supplementary)	• • •		• • •	7

There were no contraventions of the Regulations during the year.

The Milk (Special Designations) (Specified Area) (No. 3) Order, 1953, became operative in the District as from 1st January, 1954. It is now an offence to sell undesignated milk in the district and has abolished the use of the hand delivery churn and sale of loose milk. All milk is now delivered in sealed bottles.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938.

The West Riding County Council, acting as Food and Drugs Authority for the area, submitted during the year 46 samples for analysis under the Act.

Number of Samples taken under the Food and Drugs Act, 1938.

Mill		Dr	ugs	Othe	r Foods
Genuine	Adulterated	Genuine	Adulterated	Genuine	Adulterated
27	2	3		14	

Number of proceedings-Nil

Cautions issued—2

Note on samples of milk classified by the Public Analyst as Adulterated.

The 2 milk samples classified as adulterated were found to be deficient in fat content. In both cases cautions were issued.

FOOD HYGIENE.

Close attention has been paid during the year to the handling and wrapping of food as controlled by the Byelaws. There has generally been a marked improvement particularly in the display of unwrapped food-stuffs. Details of contraventions found at the various food premises are as follows:—

Type of Premises	No. of Premises	No. of Contraventions
General Grocery	43	1
Restaurants, Cafe's, Canteens, &c	17	1
Confectionery	11	
Bakehouses	5	2
Fruit & Vegetables	10	
Wet Fish	11	
Fish Frying	11	1
Butchers	19	1
Premises used for preparing of sausages,		
&c	12	2

The contraventions found were mainly instances of unwrapped foodstuffs and of confectionery being displayed on open counters where they are liable to contamination by the public.

I am particularly pleased with the progress made in food hygiene in the district since the Food Byelaws were introduced. The Food Traders in general have co-operated with the department most satisfactorily and there is now a noticeable improvement throughout the area in the display of unwrapped foodstuffs and the handling of food generally.

The department has achieved these results by regular visits of inspection and informal discussions with traders and this work continued throughout the year.

The Food Hygiene Regulations were issued in January of this year, but the major requirements became effective as from July. The requirements of the Regulations have been closely studied during the year. It is anticipated that the practical work of inspection of all food premises, cafes, canteens, shops, etc., will be carried out during the coming year.

REGISTRATION OF FOOD PREMISES.

(a) Ice Cream.

Twenty-eight premises are registered for the sale of ice cream (pre-packed).

Two premises are registered for the sale and manufacture of ice cream (Cold Mix).

Visits have been made to all registered premises during the year. Two premises only manufacture ice cream and both are manufacturing the complete Cold Mix and comply with the requirements of the Ice Cream (Heat Treatment Regulations) 1947.

(b) Register of Food (Preparation and Manufacture) Premises.

Twelve premises are registered for the preparation or manufacture of food products.

Eleven are registered for the preservation of fish by cooking.

All the premises now comply with the requirements of the Food & Drugs Act and have been well maintained during the year.

BAKEHOUSES.

Regular inspections have been made at the five bakehouses in the area. Throughout the year the general standard of cleanliness has been satisfactory.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES.

There is one licensed slaughterhouse only in the district. The Public Abattoir at Spenborough is available to any traders wishing to carry out their own slaughtering.

During the year regular post mortem inspections of all pigs slaughtered at the Bacon Factory were carried out. Details of inspections and condemnations are shown as follows:—

No. of Pigs		CONDEM	NATIONS	
Slaugh- tered	Tuberculosis	Weight lbs.	Other causes	Weight lbs.
20,010	22 carcases and organs 438 heads 61 stomachs and	3,191 5,156	26 carcases and organs 8 heads 12 stomachs and	3,739 96 120
	intestines 132 plucks 5 livers	610 924 20	intestines 1040 livers 824 prs. lungs 4 leaf fats 90 hearts 3 kidneys 1 head & trimmings 1 leg 1 udder 6 plucks	$ \begin{array}{c} 4,160 \\ 2,472 \\ 12 \\ 90 \\ 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 16\frac{1}{2} \\ 14 \\ 42 \end{array} $
Total		9,901		10,779

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED.

	Bovines	Calves	Sheep	Pigs
Number Slaughtered	Nil	Nil	Nil	20,010
Number Inspected	Nil	Nil	Nil	20,010
All Diseases except Tuberculosis and				
Cysticerci. Whole Carcases condemned	Nil	Nil	Nil	26
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Percentage of the number inspected affected	Nil	Nil	Nil	1,066
with disease other than Tuberculosis & Cysticerci	Nil	Nil	Nil	5 · 46%
Tuberculosis Only. Whole carcases condemned	Nil	Nil	Nil	22
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	Nil	Nil	Nil	438
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis	Nil	Nil	Nil	$2\cdot92\%$
Cysticerci Only. Whole carcases condemned	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ni!
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Percentage of the number inspected affected with Cysticerci	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

CONDEMNATIONS OF UNSOUND FOOD.

The following items were surrendered and condemned as unfit for human consumption during the year:—

44 lbs. Bacon

40 lbs. Cauliflowers

128½ lbs. Canned Corned Beef

 $53\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. Canned Ox-tongue

10 lbs. Canned Pork Luncheon Meat

 $2\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. Canned Tomatoes

4 tins Full Cream Condensed Milk

RODENT CONTROL.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT 1949.

A first maintenance treatment of the Sewers was carried out in August when 36 manholes were baited, with takes of bait recorded at 12 manholes. This was followed by a 10% test baiting in December involving 25 manholes and a further maintenance treatment later in the month when 25 manholes were baited, at 8 of which bait takes were recorded. Two surveys and treatments of the Council's refuse tip at Northorpe Old Sewerage Works were made during the year. In addition 55 treatments were carried out at 31 private premises and 24 business premises.

The Prevention of Damage by Pests Act 1949 places an obligation on the Local Authority to ensure that as far as practicable its area is kept free from rats and mice. District Councils are directly responsible for the administration of the Act. The Act provides for the submission of reports to the Ministry and the making of grants to Local Authorities of one-half of the irrecoverable expenditure incurred by them in the performance of their functions under Part I of the Act.

Responsibilities are placed on Local Authorities to ensure that the provisions of the Act are carried out in their area. The procedure recommended by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries is being carried out. Mr. G. O. Lee, the Assistant Public Health Inspector, and Mr. F. F. W. Popplewell have been largely responsible for carrying out this work in a most efficient manner.

SCAVENGING.

The Scavenging of the District during the year has been satisfactory. A weekly collection of refuse is maintained with the exception of holiday periods. The Department has a fleet of modern Refuse Collecting Vehicles, and the district has a Refuse Collection Service which will bear favourable comparison with that of any similar district.

Details of the work carried out by the Department during the year are set out below:—

Wagon No.	Loads to tip	Bins	Privies	Ashpits	Pail Closets	Trade Refuse
1 2 3	746 663 789	96,230 26,041 84 329	617	409	3,460	716
Totals	2,198	206,600	617	409	3,460	716

The Council are fortunate in that excellent tipping facilities are available for many years to come.

COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF REFUSE.

EXPI	ENDIT	URE			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wages			• • •		6134			, 0			, ,		
National I					200	0	0						
Superannu	ation				120	0	0						
•							(3454	13	11			
Vehicle Re	epairs	• • •						400	0	0			
Vehicles—				nce				172	0	0			
Petrol Die	sel and	Oil						607	4	7			
Rents								50	0	0			
Loan Char	ges							2 80	0	0			
Sundries	• • •	• • •						33	5	10			
Salvage								14	10	0			
							-			8	3011	14	4
	INCOM	ME											
Trade Ref	use							100	0	0			
Salvage								648	16	2			
							-				748	16	2
	•			N	TET (Cost		• • •	• •	. £7	7262	18	2

SALVAGE 1956-1957.

The results of the salvage effort during the year are set out below. The income amounting to £648 16s. 2d. is again very gratifying.

I thank all those householders and business houses who have throughout the year regularly saved their waste paper. This material is now practically the only article salvaged. We rely on a substantial income from Salvage to assist in the economic running of the Cleansing Department and it is now more essential than ever that the Public co-operate in this work.

SALVAGE RETURNS.

	1955-56					1956-57						
To	nnag	e	In	con	n e	,	Conna	age		In	com	ıe
T.	C.	Q.		s.	d.		C.	Q.	,	-	s.	d.
97	15	2	789	7	8	83	4	3	64	18	16	2

INCOME FROM SALE OF SALVAGED MATERIALS.

			To	nnag	ge	In	com	e
			T.	C.	Q.	£	s.	đ.
Paper Scrap Tins	 		79	9	1	633	3 14	2
Scrap Tins	 • • •	• • •	3	15	2	18	5 2	0
			83	4	3	£648	8 16	2
								modizaje sit

INCOME FROM SALE OF SALVAGED MATERIALS-1940-56.

					To	nnag	e	Inc	om	е
					T.	C.	Q.	£	s.	d.
1940-50			• • •		2015	16	1	8284	5	6
1951		• • •			181	6	2	1905	4	4
1952	• • •		• • •	• • •	169	17	1	1101	16	8
1953	3 * *				133	17	2	792	18	4
1954			• • •		112	3	$2\frac{1}{2}$	760	15	1
1955	• • •			• • •	97	15	2^{-}	789	7	8
1956	* * *	• • •	• • •	• • •	. 83	4	3	648	16	2
					2794	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	£14283	3	9
									===	

The above are the results of the salvage efforts in the area during the past years and indicate the benefits accruing to the nation and to the district by this means.

APPENDICES.

- A. Vital Statistics of the Mirfield Urban District for 1947-1956.
- B. Infantile and Maternal Mortality Rates of Mirfield for the past twenty years.
- C. Notifications of Infectious Disease in Mirfield Urban District, 1937-1956.
- D. Adoptive Acts in force in the District.Bye-Laws in force in the District.
- E. Staff of the Health Department.

APPENDIX A

VITAL STATISTICS OF THE MIRFIELD URBAN DISTRICT FOR 1947-1956.

					Net Deaths belonging to the District	to the Dist	rict
Year	Population estimated to middle of each year	Bir	Births	Und	Under 1 year	At a	At all ages
		No.	Rate	No.	Rate per 1,000 Births	No.	Rate
1947	11,690	239	20.4	00	33.5	192	16.4
1948	11,950	205	17.2	9	29.2	170	14.2
1949	11,940	187	15.6	4	21.3	167	13.9
1950	11,930	168	14.1	-	0.9	149	12.5
1951	11,840	195	16.5	7	35.9	164	13.8
1952	11,760	196	16.7	*	20.4	174	14.8
1953	11,830	151	12.8	ಣ	19.9	165	13.9
1954	11,850	176	14.8	್ಟಾ	28.4	142	12.0
1955	11,860	173	14.6	್ದಾ	28.9	176	14.8
1956	11,810	193	16.3	4	20.7	159	13.5

APPENDIX B

INFANTILE AND MATERNAL MORTALITY RATES OF MIRFIELD FOR THE PAST 20 YEARS.

Year	Births	Infant Deaths	Maternal Deaths	Infant Mortality Rate	Maternal Mortality Rate
1937	142	7	1	49.3	6.8
1938	146	6	1	41 · 1	6.5
1939	121	7		57.8	
1940	132	6		45.1	
1941	112	11		97.3	
1942	158	11		69 · 6	_
1943	161	4		24.8	
1944	193	6	1	31 · 1	5 • 2
1945	197	5		25.4	
1946	154	5	_	32.0	-
1947	239	8		33 · 5	
1948	205	6	_	29 · 2	
1949	187	4		21.3	
1950	168	1		6.0	
1951	195	7		35.9	-
1952	196	4	1	20 · 4	4.9
1953	151	3		19.9	_
1954	176	5		28 • 4	_
1955	173	5	_	28.9	
1956	193	4		20.7	

NOTIFICATIONS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE in Mirfield Urban District, 1937-1956.

Totals	272 293 293 195 339 200 202 167 188 1113 157 26 284 30
Other Diseases	.
Dysentery	
Encephalitis Lethargica	
Whooping Cough	21 33 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 1 5 3 1 6 6 7 7 1 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Measles	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Other Tuberculosis	80 8 8 8 8 8 9 1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Respiratory Tuberculosis	0400 10004000110004000
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	6-1111-1001111-1
Puerperal Pyrexia	n
Puerperal Fever	
Malaria	
Erysipelas	8488 7088 1 411 8 1
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Pneumonia	8948 470 1111 99271 13
Diphtheria	8 8 4 2 5 8 8 4 L
Scarlet Fever	11.00 10.00
Enteric Fever	- -
Poliomyelitis and Polioencephalitis	
Smallpox	
Year	1937 1938 1940 1940 1942 1943 1943 1949 1950 1953 1955 1956

ADOPTIVE ACTS, ETC., IN FORCE IN THE DISTRICT

A	ct				Date	of Open	ration
Public Health Acts Am	endme	nt Ac	t. 1890)			
					_		
Part III			• • •	• • •	18	st July,	1891
Private Street Works A	ct, 189)2	• • •	• • •	ls	t June,	1899
Public Health Acts Am	endme	nt Ac	t, 1907	7			
Sections 27 and 33	and th	e who	le of Pa	art			
				_	OAL Camb		1000
			• • •		8th Sept		
Part VI					17th Ja	nuary,	1921
Sections 15 to 23 in	nclusive	е	• • •	• • •	24th A	August,	1926
Public Health Act, 1925	ő :						
Sections 13 to 19	(inclus	sive).	23 to	33			
(inclusive), 35, 36	•	•					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		`	,		1041 0	-	1000
Part IV						ctober,	
Sections 21, 22, 44	and Pa	art V	• • •	• • •	1st Fel	oruary,	1927
Furnished Houses (Rent	t Contr	col) Ad	et, 1946	6	18th	March,	1949
West Riding County Cou Act, 1951:—	ıncil (C	enera	l Powe	rs)			
Section 36			• • •	• • •	9t]	h July,	1955
						0 3 /	
BYE-LAWS	IN F	ORCE	IN TH	HE DI	STRICT		
			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1874
Scavenging	• • •			• • •		• • •	1874
Hackney Carriages		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1881
Offensive Trades			1	• • •	* * *	• • •	1922
Public Parks and Recrea				• • •	* * *	• • •	$\begin{array}{c} 1928 \\ 1929 \end{array}$
Smoke Abatement Slaughter-houses		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	* * *	1929
New Streets		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	1932
Cycling on Footpaths		• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •	1938
Personal Weighing Mach	nines	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	1949
Dogs Fouling Footways		• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	1949
Sale of Food					• • •	• • •	1950
Wireless Loudspeakers,						• • •	1950
Sale of Contraceptives in		-			es		1950
Employment of Children	n and S	Street	Tradin	ng		• • •	1950
Unauthorised Persons of	n Scho	ol Pre	mises	• • •	• • •		1950
Litter					• • •	• • •	1952
Building	• • •	***			• • •		1953
Removal of Mud, etc., f					• • •	• • •	1954
Behaviour in Places of	Entert	ainme	nt	• • •	• • •	• • •	1957

STAFF OF THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Staff.

WILLIAM M. DOUGLAS, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. Medical Officer of Health.

Divisional Medical Officer.

Public Health Inspector's Staff.

- H. H. JOHNSON, M.S.I.A., Certificates of the Royal Sanitary Institute for the Inspection of Meat and Other Foods. Chief Public Health Inspector. Cleansing Officer.
- G. O. LEE, Certificate of the Royal Sanitary Institute and the Sanitary Inspectors Examination Joint Board. Certificate for the Inspection of Meat and other Foods. Additional Public Health Inspector.

Mrs. W. BROWN, Clerk.

Divisional Public Health Staff (Division 17, comprising Spenborough Borough and Mirfield Urban Districts).

Medical Staff.

ELEANOR M. WHITEHEAD, M.B., Ch.B., Assistant County Medical Officer. (Died 3rd October, 1956).

GEORGE CUST, M.B., Ch.B., Assistant County Medical Officer. (Resigned 31st December, 1956).

CHARLES A. PRICE, M.B., Ch.B., Assistant County Medical Officer. (Commenced 17th December, 1956).

Clerical Staff.

Mr. P. MARSHALL, D.P.A., Chief Clerk.

Miss G. M. HARTLEY

Mrs. M. HAYNES.

Miss N. HOLLIDAY.

Miss A. JOHNSON.

Mrs. V. THEWLIS.

Mrs. E. M. THOMIS.

Mr. G. RISHMAN

Health Visitors (Part-time School Nurses).

Miss D. DAY, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. of R.S.I., Senior Health Visitor.

Miss M. GREENHOUGH, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. of R.S.I.

Miss M. HARTLEY, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. of R.S.I.

Miss C. JANSE, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. of R.S.I.

Miss D. A. LEAKE, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. of R.S.I.

Mrs. D. PICKUP, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.Cert of R.S.I.

Mrs. M. RAYNER, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. of R.S.I.

Miss A. SEELIG, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. of R.S.I.

Assistant Health Visitors (Temp. School and Clinic Nurses).

Mrs. G. MARSHALL, S.R.N. Mrs. E. I. SMITH, S.R.N.

Midwives.

Miss C. I. BROADLEY, S.R.N., S.C.M., Queen's Nurse.

Mrs. D. M. GOMERSALL, S.R.N., S.C.M.

Miss B. HEPPLESTON, S.R.N., S.C.M.

District Nurses.

Miss E. BIRD, S.R.N., S.C.M., Queen's Nurse.

Miss F. E. GAMBLE, S.R.N., Queen's Nurse., Senior Relief Nurse.

Miss F. METCALFE, S.R.N., C.M.B., Queen's Nurse.

Miss E. PHILLIPS, S.R.N., Queen's Nurse.

Mrs. E. SAYLES, S.R.N., S.C.M.

Miss W. SPENCER, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V. Cert. of R.S.I. (Queen's Nurse).

Miss A. LÓDGE, S.R.N., C.M.B., Queen's Nurse. (Commenced 20th Februry, 1956).

Miss C. LATIMER, S.R.N., C.M.B., Queen's Nurse. (Commenced 1st April, 1956).

Child Guidance Clinic.

Dr. S. M. LEESE, County Psychiatrist.

Mr. D. G. PICKLES, Educational Psychologist.

Mrs. J. P. NURSTEN, Psychiatric Social Worker.

Dental Staff.

Mr. H. TAYLOR, L.D.S., Assistant County Dental Officer. Miss K. COLLETT, Dental Attendant.

Part-time Staff.

Mr. B. D. VAINES, M.Ch.S., Chiropodist.

Miss D. RENDER, M.C.S.P., Physiotherapist.

Mr. L. WITTELS, M.D. (Vienna), D.O., Consultant Ophthalmologist.

Mrs. M. M. DE LA COUR, Mental Health Social Worker.

Mrs. D. J. M. VALLIS, Speech Therapist (Commenced 3rd December, 1956).

Mrs. M. E. TOWELL, Home Teacher of Mental Defectives. (Commenced April, 1956).

Mr. I. F. ASH, L.D.S., Assistant County Dental Officer.

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